X(3rd Sm.)-Chemistry-H/SEC-A-2/CBCS

2022

CHEMISTRY — HONOURS

Paper : SEC-A-2

(Analytical Clinical Biochemistry)

Full Marks : 80

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer question no. 1 (compulsory) and any twelve questions from the rest.

- 1. (a) Name an amino acid which is not synthesised in our body.
 - (b) Write down the structure of the imino acid present in protein.
 - (c) Name an simple protein presents in blood.
 - (d) Which is the most stable and common conformation for a polypeptide chain?
 - (e) Mention the number of peptide bonds present in a tripeptide.
 - (f) Mention the class of enzyme that joins the ends of two strands of nucleic acid.
 - (g) What is formed with the combination of apoenzyme and coenzyme?
 - (h) Name the enzyme that catalyzes the first step of glycolysis.
 - (i) In Krebs cycle, what is total yield of ATP produced when two carbon acetyl CoA is oxidised to CO₂?
 - (j) Write down the name of a monounsaturated and a polyunsaturated fatty acid.
 - (k) Mention the name of base not present in RNA.
 - (1) What are repeating units of RNA?
 - (m) What is the initiation codon in eucaryotes?
 - (n) What we call when two monosaccharides differ in configuration around a single carbon atom?
 - (o) Write down the full name of NAD.
 - (p) Define Michaelis-Menten constant (Km).
 - (q) What is the most important buffer in blood?
 - (r) What are ribozymes?
 - (s) What does the primary structure of protein represent?
 - (t) Give an example of amphipathic lipid.

Please Turn Over

1×20

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2. (a) Explain the process of lactic acid fermentation.

	(10)	In glycolysis, write down the result of conversion of 1 mol of fructose-1, 6- phosphate to 2 mol of pyruvate.	mol 3+2
z.	Write	e TCA cycle schematically, clearly explaining all reactions.	5
A.	Expl	ain the α -helix abd β -pleated sheet structures of a protein.	5
ß.	(a) (b)	Classify enzymes and give one example for each class. What is biocatalysis?	3+2
ø.	(a)	What is competitive inhibition in enzyme catalysis? Illustrate with an example.	
	(6)	Explain stereospecificity of an enzyme.	3+2
J.	Write in lev	e down biological importances of triglycerides and cholesterol. What will be the result of increvel of triglycerides and cholesterol in human body?	ase 5
8.	(2)	What are pernicious anaemia and sickle cell anaemia?	2.2
	- Con	How is a polysaccharide isolated?	5+2
9.	(a)	What is diabetes? Mention the main types of diabetes.	212
	(b)	State the difference between serum and plasma.	572
10.	. (a)	What are the biological roles of DNA?	242
	Jos .	Write a short note on gene therapy.	512
11.	(a)	Write down the principle for estimation of creatinine in blood.	3+7
	. Cor	What are the abnormal constituents of urine?	,12
12.	How	is bilirubin estimated in blood? How can you interpret the estimated data of bilirubin level?	2
12	(a)	What are the major types of RNA? State their important functions.	21.2
10.	Cho Cho	What is Chargaff's rule of DNA composition?	772
14	12	Draw a schematic presentation of polynucleotide.	2+2
14.	.00	Write down the structure of adenosine.	12

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