# 2023

## COMPUTER SCIENCE — HONOURS

## Paper : SEC-A-1 and SEC-A-2

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

## Paper : SEC-A-1

#### (Computer Graphics)

## Full Marks : 80

## Answer question no. 1 and any four questions from the rest.

- 1. Answer any ten questions :
  - (a) Mention four applications of computer graphics.
  - (b) Differentiate between vector and raster graphics.
  - N Write down 3-D rotation matrix about x-axis and y-axis.
  - Define clipping and clip window.
  - Je) What do you understand by scan conversion?
  - (f) Write two techniques for producing colour displays with a CRT.
  - Why is homogeneous coordinates necessary?
  - (h) Define aspect ratio.
  - K) Explain the following composite transformation :
    - (i) Translation (ii) Rotation.
  - Differentiate between interior and exterior clipping.
  - (k) Translation does not depend on reference point— Justify your answer.
  - Define resolution of a monitor.
  - (m) Define world coordinate system.
  - (What is meant by composite transformation?
- 2. (a) Mention the advantages and disadvantages of DDA algorithm.
  - (b) Disucss the concept of 8-way symmetry while drawing a circle.
  - (c) Derive and discuss mid point circle drawing algorithm with an example. 2+3+(5+5)

Please Turn Over

2×10

## Z(3rd Sm.)-Computer Sc.-H/SEC-A-1 & SEC-A-2/CBCS (2)

- (a) A point A(4, 3) is rotated counter clockwise by an angle of 45°. Find the rotation matrix and the resultant point.
  - (b) The coordinates of a triangle ABC are A(2, 2), B(4, 2), C(4, 4). Find the transformation matrix and the transformed coordinates after reflection about y = -x. (4+2)+(6+3)
- 4. (a) Distinguish between window port and view port.

Write Cohen-Sutherland line clipping algorithm.

- Consider a clipping window ABCD where A(100, 10), B(160, 10), C(160, 40), D(100, 40). Use Cohen-Sutherland line clipping algorithm to find the visible portions of the line with end points (i)  $P_1(120, 5)$ ,  $P_2(180, 30)$ , (ii)  $P_3(120, 20)$ ,  $P_4(140, 80)$ . 3+4+(4+4)
- .5. (a) Find the transformation that converts a square with diagonal vertices (0, 4), (-4, 8) into a unit square at the origin.
  - (b) 2D rotation with scaling is commutative— Justify your answer.

(c) Write the transformation matrix for shear transformation with respect to X direction. 7+6+2

- 6. (a) Differentiate between parallel projection and perspective projection.
  - (b) How is the intensity of the electron beam controlled inside a CRT?
  - (c) Discuss different steps of the key-frame animation technique.
- 1. (consider 2-D scaling)
  - We How is the clipping operation performed for polygon using Sutherland-Hodgeman algorithm? Discuss with an example.

4+5+6

(c) What are the advantages and disadvantages of LCD over CRT display system? 5+6+4

## 8. (a) What is computer art?

- (b) Discuss about morphing in computer graphics.
- (c) Discuss different types of morphing. Describe three applications of morphing. 3+4+(5+3)