B(5th Sm.)-Chemistry-H/CC-12/CBCS

2024

CHEMISTRY — **HONOURS**

Paper: CC-12

(Organic Chemistry)

Full Marks: 50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer question no. 1 (compulsory) and any eight questions from the rest. (question nos. 2 to 12).

1. Answer any ten questions:

1×10

- (a) Pyrrole is less basic than pyridine. Explain.
- (b) D-Fructose responds positively to Tollens' reagent. Explain.
- (c) Give an example of [3, 3] sigmatropic reaction.
- (d) Draw the structure of Uracil.
- (e) Which reagent is used to protect the amino group of amino acids in solid phase peptide synthesis? Give the structure of the reagent.
- (f) Draw 4-epimer of D-glucose.
- (g) Identify the product of the following reaction:

$$+$$
 \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc

- (h) Phenanthrene gives typical reactions of olefinic double bond but anthracene does not. Why?
- (i) Draw the preferred conformation of trans-1-methyl-3-isopropylcyclohexane (structure only).
- (j) C-1 of naphthalene is more reactive than its C-2 position regarding electrophilic monosubstitution reaction. Explain in brief.
- (k) Choose the correct option to fill in the blank as follows:

Mutarotation of an aldose is exhibited in ______. (acidic/basic/amphoteric solvent).

- (l) How many tripeptides are possible from Gly, Ala, Val?
- (m) Mention the number of gauche-butane interactions in the following compound (Number only):



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- **2.** (a) *trans*-4-tertiarybutylcyclohexyl tosylate undergoes bimolecular elimination reaction with bromide ion rather than the stronger base ethoxide anion. Explain with mechanism.
 - (b) Comment on the optical activity of $(1\underline{R}, 3\underline{R})$ -1,3-Dimethyl-cyclohexane.

3+2

3+2

- 3. (a) D-Glucose, D-mannose and D-fructose give the same osazone. Explain with mechanism.
 - (b) Predict the product with plausible mechanism of the following reaction with mechanism.

Br NaOEt/EtOH →

4. (a) Complete the following:

$$\frac{\text{CrO}_3/\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4/\Delta}{2}? \frac{\text{NaOH}}{2}? \frac{\text{[O]}}{2}?$$

(b) How would you synthesise anthracene by Diels-Alder reaction?

3+2

5. (a) Write the structures of (\underline{A}) and (\underline{B}) giving the mechanism of formation of (\underline{B}) from (\underline{A}) .

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \Delta & C_8H_{10} & \stackrel{MeO_2C-C\equiv C-CO_2Me}{\longrightarrow} & C_{14}H_{16}O_4 & \longrightarrow & & & \\ & (\underline{A}) & (\underline{B}) & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & \\ & \\ & & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\$$

(b) Write the product of the following reaction with plausible mechanism.

3+2

- 6. (a) Bromine water (Br_2/H_2O) oxidation of α -anomer of D-glucopyranose is 250 times slower than the β -anomer of the same compound. Explain with mechanism.
 - (b) Why does D-fructose reduce Fehling's solution although it is a ketohexose?

3+2

- 7. (a) Show the mechanism of mutarotation of glucose in 2-pyridone as solvent.
 - (b) What is DCC? How is it used in peptide synthesis?

3+2

- 8. (a) Write a brief account on the double helical structure of DNA proposed by Watson and Crick.
 - (b) Write down the structure of the nucleoside adenosine taking D-ribose as the pentose sugar.

3+2

- 9. (a) Synthesise phenylalanine through azlactone.
 - (b) Give a chemical method to determine the C-terminal residue of a tripeptide.

3+2

10. (a) Predict the products with stereochemistry showing the FMO interaction of the following:

$$CH_3$$
 H H CH_3

(b) Predict the products and discuss the regioselectivity of the following reaction:

3+2

$$CH_3$$
 CH_3
 OCH_3

11. (a) Convert:

(b) Convert pyridine to 4-nitropyridine.

3+2

- **12.** (a) Convert:
 - (i) D-Glucose to D-glucuronic acid
 - (ii) D-Glucose to D-glucose pentaacetate
 - (b) Which conformation is preferred by trans-1,3-ditertiary butyl-cyclohexane? Explain.

3+2