

2026

BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION — HONOURS

Paper : BBAA-202-M2

(Microeconomics)

Full Marks : 75

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable.*

Group - A

1. Answer **any ten** questions :

2×10

- (a) If a buyer buys more of a good when his income rises, how will the demand curve change?
- (b) What is perfectly elastic supply?
- (c) What are substitute goods?
- (d) Define Marginal Cost (MC).
- (e) State the assumptions of oligopoly market.
- (f) What is meant by marginal rate of substitution?
- (g) What is Sunk Cost?
- (h) Define isoquant.
- (i) Why is a firm price taken in a Perfectly Competitive market?
- (j) Draw (i) an infinitely elastic and (ii) a completely inelastic demand curve.
- (k) Define Super Normal Profit.
- (l) Mention two factors which directly affect the demand for labour.
- (m) What do you mean by shut down point?
- (n) What is a price consumption curve?
- (o) State the law of diminishing marginal utility.
- (p) Define Giffen Good.

Group - B

2. Answer **any five** questions :

- (a) Briefly discuss about the factors that determine market demand. 5
- (b) Define Total lost. Distinguish between fixed inputs and variable inputs. 2+3

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- (c) What are the properties of Indifference Curve? 5
- (d) What is price elasticity of demand? What will be the shape of demand curve if the value of price elasticity is zero? 2+3
- (e) Briefly discuss the features of perfectly competitive market. 5
- (f) What is income consumption curve? What is the shape of income consumption curve in case of inferior good? 2+3
- (g) What are exceptions to the law of demand? 5
- (h) What are reasons behind price rigidity in oligopoly market? 5

Group - C

Answer *any three* questions.

- 3. Why is Short Run Average Cost Curve 'U' shaped? Why is the Long Run Average Cost Curve called Envelopecurve? 5+5
- 4. Explain consumer equilibrium with the help of Indifference Curve Approach. 10
- 5. Discuss the role of gross elasticity of demand in making business decisions. Explain the concept using an illustration. 5+5
- 6. Explain how a firm reaches long run equilibrium in a perfectly competitive market. 10
- 7. What are the reasons behind presence of excess capacity in the monopolistic competition? How is this excess capacity socially beneficial? 7+3